

Agenda Human Geography Chapter 3

		<u>Notes</u>
Thursday	Class agenda, Vocab Flash cards	
Friday	Work on Internet Remittances, check grades	
Monday	Collect Rubenstein Questions 1-9;	
Tuesday	.	
Wed.	Collect Remittances; Video Mexico Immigration	
Thursday		
Friday		
Monday	Begin IDP project in class on computers: Quiz yourself on the vocabulary Quizlet	
Tuesday	Collect Rubenstein Questions 10-14; IDP computer work	
Wednesday	IDP projects DUE Collect Rubenstein Qu 15-19;	
Thursday	IDP Presentations; review for test Collect Rubenstein 26-37	
Friday	Test Chapter 3, vocab, multi choice, Free Response Questions	

Rubenstein Chapt 3 page 76

Key Issue 1. Where are the world's migrants distributed?

1. Describe the difference between immigration and emigration.
2. Do the developed countries of Europe and North America appear in Figures 3-2 and 3-3 to have net in-migration or net out-migration?
3. Ravenstein has several laws of migration. List two.
4. Describe migration in stage 2 and stage 3 of the demographic transition model from chapter 2.
5. What does Europe being in Stage 4 of the demographic transition mean about its immigration?
6. Define counter-urbanization
7. Why have many claimed that American immigration peaked in 1910? Figure 3-10
8. In which stage of the demographic transition were most countries when they sent the most immigrants to the United States?

Key Issue 2. Where do people migrate within a country?

9. How might climate change affect patterns of interregional migration in the United States?
10. Does Russia's interregional migration pattern more closely represent that of the United States and Canada or that of Brazil and China?
11. In what way has internal migration affected Russia?
12. Migrations From rural to Urban; What numbers help explain why this is the largest migration today?
13. What challenges does this pose for many urban centers/ city planners/ governments?
14. How have computers and a shift to service industry helped grow the counter-urbanization?
15. What advantages do suburbs have over city living for many families?
16. Why might rural to urban migration be most intense in countries in stage 2 of the demographic transition?

Key Issue 3. Why do people Migrate?

17. List and describe how push and pull factors affect Economic/ cultural/ and environmental.
18. What three reasons explain why most people migrate?
19. Some say that water displaces as many people as war. In what way might they be right?

20. Define and give an example of intervening obstacles.
21. Why might people choose to build houses in floodplains?
22. Define remittances.
23. What has happened between gender and immigration in the recent/modern era say from 1980-1990?
24. Why were past obstacles environmental while mostly they are cultural today?
25. In what way does economics play a role in migration? What evidence do you have of this in figure 3-29?

Key Issue 4. Why do migrants face Challenges?

26. What is the Brain Drain? Why is it a problem for many nations?
27. Should a democratic nation allow unlimited political refugees to enter safely? Explain your thoughts.
28. Describe with specific examples how many immigrants are treated in the world today.
29. How many unauthorized immigrants are living in the USA today?
30. Define Chain migration. Describe why it explains why Iranians go to California or Detroit.

Internet Remittances: <http://siteresources.worldbank.org/INTPROSPECTS/Resources/334934-1110315015165/MigrationandDevelopmentBrief18.pdf>

1. Look at the graphs of remittances worldwide. Describe two parts of a trend you see in the data.
2. What is a remittance?
3. Why are they important parts of the story of immigration?

Internally Displaced People: <http://www.internal-displacement.org/> click on the map on the far right.

1. As a class we will divide the globe into 9 sections. You may work by yourself, or with a partner to create a photo story presentation/prezzi or power point on internal migration and external migration in that region.
 - a. Locate the nations on regional maps
 - b. Identify major routes of immigration that apply to this region, where are they going? How many? What barriers do they face?
 - c. Identify major pull and push factors
 - d. Quantify IDP problems in this region, explain what is going on.
 - e. Provide images appropriate to the IDP and regional immigration.
 - f. Voice over and motion to slides, which reflects production.

Central America

South America

Europe

West Asia

North Africa

Sub-Saharan Africa

West Africa

South Asia

South east Asia

East Asia