

Unit 6 Urban/Settlements

Chapter 13 Urban landscapes

Wednesday	Work on Rubenstein qu 1-13; PBS Mega Cities, review tests, Mid quarter grades https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6fcDF3PESXI slums and city
Thursday ...	Collect Rubenstein qu 1-13; in class http://www.pbs.org/newshour/bb/san-francisco-working-class-neighborhood-left-behind/ PBS on gentrification https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8DVzucpEfD0 gentrification
Friday	Collect Rubenstein 14-22; Full Test of practice test Yellow REA
Monday	Check your vocab on Quizlet
Tuesday	Last day to register for the AP TEST; Collect Rubenstein 22-30; Add 10 Vocab words; Cities in Europe, sprawl; #24 Cityscapes
Wednesday	Collect Rubenstein q 30-35
Thursday	Collect Rubenstein q 36-44; Test review
Friday	Chapter 13 Test

New Rubenstein chapter 13 Urban Landscapes

1. Page 404. What is the most important question in the introduction of this chapter?
2. Case Study New Jersey. In what way are the Merritt and Johnson families living in two different worlds in the same city?
3. Key Issue #1 page 406.
4. What is the 100% corner? Where do you think it might be in Kennewick?
5. Where have many high range retailers located?
6. What prevents modern factories from operating in the CBD?
7. Describe three things that are built in waterfronts today to attract people?
8. What are the push forces that draw people out of the down town areas and into the suburbs?
9. In what way are European cities different from American cities in respect to their CBD?
10. Key issue #2. List and define the three models of urban development, concentric, sector and multiple nuclei.
11. In what way do European living patterns differ from those of many American cities?
12. What policies did the Paris government use that guaranteed the poor would live in suburbs?
13. Describe three things that would show a city was pre-colonial?
14. What did the Law of Indies of 1573 establish?
15. In what way does figure 13-13 illustrate this example?
16. Where can one find the wealthy in Latin American cities?
17. What causes squatter settlements to form?
18. Key issue #3. Page 418. What has happened to much of the housing built up for low income immigrants in the early 1900s?
19. What does the process of filtering accomplish?
20. Why might a bank redline?
21. What does gentrification mean?
22. How has gentrification begun to make American cities similar to European cities?
23. The inner city underclass face many problems. List three.
24. In order to solve the problems of tight budgets and financial problems cities can reduce services or raise tax revenues. List one disadvantage that each of these solutions causes.
25. Key Issue #4. 424. As cities grow and expand they run into already existing cities. Describe the process of annexation.

26. Describe what has happened to the population of the cities of Cleveland, Buffalo, Detroit since 1952.
27. In what way does having local governments fragmented make policy like litter pick up, or road building difficult?
28. Describe what a density gradient is.
29. What happens to the density gradient of Cleveland from 1900-1990?
30. What is one disadvantage of urban sprawl?
31. What stops urban sprawl in places like England?
32. What does this do to the cost of land inside the cities?
33. In what way are suburban communities commonly segregated by income?
34. One way that Kennewick neighborhoods segregate by income is by mandating house size. Some neighborhoods cannot have houses smaller than 3,000 square feet. Those homes by size will cost over \$250,000. Do you think that these regulations are fair? Explain.
35. Following WWII most of America's retail businesses moved where?
36. Why did malls get built outside of a city's CBD?
37. Transportation and Suburbanization: How has the car and cheap gasoline altered the geography of cities?
38. Read Global Forces Local Impacts pg 432: What have some cities done to limit traffic in their CBD?
39. What are the advantages of public transportation?
40. What are some ways that public transportation is increasing?
41. In what way are new technologies assisting drivers avoid heavy traffic?
42. How do many European cities look at public transit differently?
43. List three kinds of evidence that shows that American drivers waste a lot in their commute to work.
44. Case Study revisited: In what way has the city of Camden from 1960-2007 provided an example of two different effects of urban areas in America found in this chapter.