

Required Reading For Religion Unit:

Name: _____

Religion: Eastern Hemisphere 100-101 Map Master 110
Christianity: Eastern Hemisphere 180, 182, 671-675 Ancient World 229-233
Islam: Eastern Hemisphere 671-675 Ancient World
Judaism: Eastern Hemisphere 671-675 Ancient World 60-65
Buddhism: Eastern Hemisphere 663-664 Ancient World 121-125
Hinduism: Eastern Hemisphere 663-664 Ancient World 116-120

Use the **World Almanac** to find the answers to the following questions.

Hinduism:

1. How many people in the world are Hindu? _____
2. How many people in North America are Hindu? _____
3. In what year approximately was Hinduism founded? _____
4. What type of people founded Hinduism? _____
5. What is the sacred text of Hinduism? _____
6. Briefly describe the belief of Hinduism? _____

Judaism/Christianity:

1. How many people in the world are Jewish? _____
2. How many people in the world are Christian? _____
3. How many people in North America are Jewish? _____
4. How many people in North America are Christian? _____
5. In what year approximately was Judaism founded? _____
6. Who founded Judaism? _____
7. What is the sacred text of Judaism? _____
8. Briefly describe the belief of Judaism? _____

Buddhism:

1. How many people in the world are Buddhists? _____
2. How many people in North America and Buddhist? _____
3. In what year approximately was Buddhism founded? _____
4. Who was the founder of Buddhism? _____
5. What is the sacred text of Buddhism? _____
6. Briefly describe the belief of Buddhism? _____

Islam:

1. How many people in the world are Muslims? _____
2. How many people in North America are Muslims? _____
3. In what year approximately was Islam founded? _____
4. Who was the founder of Islam? _____
5. What is the sacred text of Islam? _____

	Year Founded	Founder/God	Monotheistic/ Polytheistic	Holy Book
Hinduism				
Judaism				
Buddhism				
Christianity				
Islam				

Using the Family Reference Atlas (pages 48-49/ or 50-51) please answer the following questions.

Hinduism:

1. Please name the two countries that have the most Hindus. (Make sure to write down how many Hindus live in each country). _____

2. Please write down the two most sacred places for the Hindu religion. (Please state why they are significant) _____

Judaism:

1. Please name the two countries that have the most Jews. (Make sure to write down how many Jews live in each country). _____

2. Please write down the two most sacred places for the Jewish religion. (Please state why they are significant) _____

Christianity:

1. Please name the two countries that have the most Christians. (Make sure to write down how many Christians live in each country). _____

2. Please write down the two most sacred places for the Christian religion. (Please state why they are significant) _____

Buddhism:

1. Please name the two countries that have the most Buddhists. (Make sure to write down how many Buddhists live in each country). _____

2. Please write down the two most sacred places for the Buddhists religion. (Please state why they are significant) _____

Islam:

1. Please name the two countries that have the most Muslims. (Make sure to write down how many Muslims live in each country). _____

2. Please write down the two most sacred places for the Islamic religion. (Please state why they are significant) _____

Name _____ Date _____ Class _____

Section 2: Hinduism in Ancient India
Ancient India

Guided Reading and Review

A. As You Read

Directions: *As you read Section 2, complete the statements below.*

1. As Hinduism developed over the years, it absorbed many beliefs from other _____.
2. Over the years, there have been many Hindu religious thinkers, but Hinduism has no single _____.
3. The gods and goddesses of Hinduism stand for different parts of a single _____.
4. The three most important Hindu gods are _____, _____, and _____.
5. One of the Hindu religion's texts is the _____, which is mostly in the form of questions and answers between pupils and teachers.

Directions: *Answer the following questions in the space provided.*

6. According to Hinduism, what happens to bad people after they die?

7. What are the various yogas?

B. Reviewing Key Terms

Directions: *Complete each sentence by writing the correct term in the blank provided.*

8. Hindus believe that a spiritual power called _____ lives in everything.
9. Hindus worship many gods and goddesses called _____.
10. The Hindu belief that souls are reborn in the body of another living thing is known as _____.
11. In Hinduism, the religious and moral duties of each person are called _____.
12. Many Hindus believe in the idea of _____, or nonviolence.

Name _____

Date _____

Class _____

Section 2: Hinduism in Ancient India
Ancient India

Section Quiz

A. Key Terms

Directions: Match the definitions in Column I with the terms in Column II. Write the correct letter in each blank.

Column I

Column II

- | | |
|--|------------------|
| _____ 1. representation of Hindu god or goddess | a. reincarnation |
| _____ 2. rebirth of the soul in another living thing | b. avatar |
| _____ 3. religious and moral duties | c. dharma |
| _____ 4. nonviolence | d. ahimsa |
| _____ 5. single spiritual power | e. brahman |

B. Main Ideas

Directions: Write the letter of the correct answer in each blank.

- _____ 6. Which of these statements is true of Hinduism?
- | | |
|---|---|
| a. It arose from the teachings of one single founder. | c. It is a way of life for over two billion people. |
| b. Its sacred books were written in hieroglyphics. | d. It has absorbed many beliefs from other religions. |
- _____ 7. The most important Hindu gods are
- | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| a. Shiva, Yoga, Upanishads. | c. Vishnu, Shiva, Shakti. |
| b. Vedas, Upanishads, Dharma. | d. Brahma, Vishnu, Shiva. |
- _____ 8. According to the Hindu religion, a person's devotion to a personal god brings the soul closer to
- | | |
|-------------|--------------------|
| a. yoga. | c. rebirth. |
| b. brahman. | d. the Upanishads. |

Name _____ Date _____ Class _____

Section 5: Judaism
The Fertile Crescent

Guided Reading and Review

A. As You Read

Directions: *As you read Section 5, complete the statements below.*

1. The early Israelites recorded events and laws in a text that is called _____.
2. Most ancient peoples thought that their gods were connected with certain places or people. However, the Israelites believed that God was _____.
3. The laws that Israelites believe God gave them through Moses are called the _____.
4. Early in Israelite history, a judge named _____ won honor and respect.
5. Unlike many ancient peoples, the early Israelites thought of their rulers as human instead of as _____.
6. The Romans drove the Israelites out of their homeland in the year _____.
7. Judaism had an important influence on these two later religions: _____ and _____.

B. Reviewing Key Terms

Directions: *In the blanks provided, write the definitions for the following key terms.*

8. covenant

9. Moses

10. prophet

11. diaspora

Section 5: Judaism
The Fertile Crescent

Section Quiz

A. Key Terms

Directions: Match the definitions in Column I with the terms in Column II. Write the correct letter in each blank.

Column I

- _____ 1. scattering of people who have a common background or beliefs
- _____ 2. a promise made by God to people
- _____ 3. credited with leading Israelites from Egypt back to Canaan
- _____ 4. a religious leader who speaks for God or a god

Column II

- a. Moses
- b. prophet
- c. covenant
- d. diaspora

B. Main Ideas

Directions: Write the letter of the correct answer in each blank.

- _____ 5. The Israelites believed that God
 - a. was found in certain places.
 - b. was present everywhere.
 - c. was embodied in certain people.
 - d. had limited power.
- _____ 6. Moses taught that God would lead the Israelites
 - a. to Canaan.
 - b. to the Fertile Crescent.
 - c. across the Mediterranean.
 - d. out of Assyria.
- _____ 7. Which statement best describes the status of women under ancient Israelite law?
 - a. Women could seek a divorce.
 - b. Daughters could not be sold into marriage.
 - c. A man owned his wife.
 - d. Women and men were roughly equal.
- _____ 8. What do Judaism, Christianity, and Islam have in common?
 - a. They are all polytheistic.
 - b. They all originated in Africa.
 - c. They all follow the same texts.
 - d. They all honor Abraham, Moses, and the prophets.

Name _____ Date _____ Class _____

Section 4: Christianity and the Roman Empire
Ancient Rome

Guided Reading and Review

A. As You Read

Directions: As you read Section 4, fill in the table below.

Facts About Christianity

Where It Started	1.
When It Started	2.
How the Religion Spread	3.
Persecution of Followers	4.

B. Reviewing Key Terms

Directions: In the blanks provided, write the definitions for the following key terms.

5. Jesus

6. messiah

7. disciple

8. epistle

9. martyr

Section 4: Christianity and the Roman Empire
Ancient Rome

Section Quiz

A. Key Terms

Directions: Match the definitions in Column I with the terms in Column II. Write the correct letter in each blank.

Column I

- _____ 1. a follower of a person or belief
- _____ 2. a person who chooses to die for a cause
- _____ 3. a letter in the Christian Bible written by disciples to Christian groups
- _____ 4. a savior in Judaism and Christianity
- _____ 5. founder of Christianity

Column II

- a. Jesus
- b. epistle
- c. messiah
- d. martyr
- e. disciple
- c. they showed loyalty to Roman gods and the emperor.
- d. they taught the Romans about the new religion.

B. Main Ideas

Directions: Write the letter of the correct answer in each blank.

- _____ 6. Romans allowed conquered peoples to follow their own religions if
 - a. they learned to speak Latin.
 - b. they made a pilgrimage to Rome.
 - c. they showed loyalty to Roman gods and the emperor.
 - d. they taught the Romans about the new religion.
- _____ 7. According to the Gospels, Jesus taught
 - a. Roman citizens only.
 - b. that God was forgiving.
 - c. that there were many gods.
 - d. for more than 50 years.
- _____ 8. Whose writings helped turn Christianity into an organized religion?
 - a. Nero's
 - b. Hadrian's
 - c. Jesus's
 - d. Paul's

Section 3: The Beginnings of Buddhism
Ancient India

Section Quiz

A. Key Terms

Directions: Read the statements below. If a statement is true, write T in the blank provided. If it is false, write F. Rewrite false statements on another sheet of paper to make them true.

- _____ 1. To meditate is to focus the mind inward in order to find spiritual awareness or relaxation.
- _____ 2. Missionaries are people who spread their religious beliefs to others.
- _____ 3. Nirvana is a condition of endless suffering.

B. Main Ideas

Directions: Write the letter of the correct answer in each blank.

- _____ 4. Meditation was a practice developed by
 - a. Gautama.
 - b. ancient Hindus.
 - c. early Egyptians.
 - d. the practice of yoga.
- _____ 5. Before becoming "The Enlightened One," Gautama was a
 - a. priest.
 - b. prince.
 - c. farmer.
 - d. soldier.
- _____ 6. Gautama taught that a person could become free from suffering by
 - a. pretending that it did not exist.
 - b. changing the form of government.
 - c. giving up selfish desires.
 - d. realizing that it could not be prevented.
- _____ 7. What is the Middle Way?
 - a. a path through the Himalaya Mountains
 - b. another word for the Indus River
 - c. the Eightfold Path to nirvana
 - d. the endless wheel of reincarnation
- _____ 8. Which of the following statements best describes the teachings of Buddha?
 - a. They have spread to many parts of Asia.
 - b. They died out shortly after Buddha himself died.
 - c. They remain strongest in India where Siddhartha lived.
 - d. They attracted few followers.

Islam:

Name: _____

1. _____
People that follow Islam are called what?
2. _____
A person that calls Muslims to pray is called?
3. _____
Muslim gather to worship in buildings called?
4. _____
A famous mosque, where Muslims believe Muhammad rose into heaven is called?
5. _____
Muslims are divided into two main groups, Sunnis and what?
6. _____
Sunnis make up what percent of Muslims?
7. _____
The name of the Islamic God is what?
8. _____
The name of the Muslim holy book is what?
9. _____
What are the 5 Pillars of Islam?

Submit to God's will

5 times a day facing Mecca

Giving charity

In the month of Ramadan Muslims don't eat or drink from sunrise to sunset

Go to Mecca at least once in his or her life
10. _____
Who was the 1st prophet of Islam or the messenger of God?
11. _____
What county and city did Islam begin in?
12. _____
What is Islam's sacred language?
13. _____
What two ethnic groups are fighting over the land of Palestine?

14. _____
On May 14, 1948 Jews declared the formation of their own state called what?