GLADIĀTŌRĒS



Directions: Read the descriptions of tasks that you can do as a result of completing the stage and check the appropriate area to indicate how you rate yourself.

I can do the following:	Agree	Agree, but need to improve	Not yet
Read and understand Latin sentences like the Model Sentences.			
Demonstrate understanding of a Latin passage similar to ones in the text.			
Read, comprehend, and answer questions about a Latin passage.			
Recognize accusative plural endings on nouns and comprehend sentences containing these forms.			
Distinguish between nominative and accusative nouns in both singular and plural.			
Differentiate between positive and superlative adjectives in both English and Latin.			
Identify at least 2 kinds of gladiators and their equipment.			
Describe at least 3 features of a Roman amphitheater.			
Describe the practices and perceptions of the Romans in respect to their use of the arena for entertainment.			
Pronounce all the words of the Stage 8 Vocabulary Checklist correctly and know their meanings.			
Define and give the Latin roots for some English words derived from the Latin vocabulary in the stage.			

I can read and understand Latin sentences like the following samples:

1. puellae iuvenēs salūtāvērunt.

The girls greeted the young men.

2. Pompēiānī erant īrātissimī, quod Rēgulus spectāculum rīdiculum ēdēbat.

The Pompeians were very angry because Regulus was putting on a ridiculous show.

3. dominus īrātus servōs vituperābat.

The angry master was telling off the slaves.

Important Terms:

<u>Gladiatorial</u>	Shows

amphitheātrum	
arēna	
Samnite	
rētiāriī	
Thracian	
Murmillō	
rētia	
Animal Hunt	
vēnātiō	
bēstiāriī	

Nova Verba:

Stage 8 - gladiātōrēs				
Latin Word	Latin WordEnglish MeaningDerivatives			
agitō, agitāre, agitāvī	I chase, to chase, I chased I hunt, to hunt, I hunted	ag/ig=drive agitate, agitation, agitant, agitated		
agitāvit	he/she/it chased, he/she/it hunted			
cōnsūmō, cōnsūmere,	I eat, to eat, I ate	<u>con/com/co=with, together, very</u>		
cōnsūmpsī	I destroy, to destroy, I destroyed	sum/sumpt=use, take up consume, consumption, consumer, consumable		
cōnsumpsit	he/she/it ate, destroyed			
dūcō, dūcere, dūxī	I lead, to lead, I led	<u>duc/duct=lead</u> conductor, reduce, reduction, ductile, induct, duct, abduct, aqueduct, deduce, deduction		
dūxit	he/she/it led			
eum	him			
facile	easily	<u>facil=easy</u> facilitate, facile, facility,		
ferōx, ferōx, ferōx, <i>gen.</i> ferōcis	fierce, ferocious	feroc=fierce fierce, ferocious, ferocity		
gladius, gladiī, <i>m</i> .	sword	gladi=sword gladiator, gladiola, gladiate		
hic	this			

ignāvus, ignāva, ignāvum	cowardly, lazy	Ignavusaurus
nūntius, nūntiī, <i>m</i> .	messenger, message	<u>nunt/nuntiat=announce</u> pronounce, pronunciation, announce, renounce
pēs, pedis, <i>m</i> .	foot, paw	<u>ped=foot</u> pedestrian, pedicure, pedal, biped, quadruped, impede, impeach, centipede
porta, portae, <i>f</i> .	gate	port=gate portal, porthole, portcullis
postulō, postulāre, postulāvī postulāvit	I demand, to demand, I demanded he/she/it demanded	postul/postulat=demand postulate
puer, puerī, <i>m</i> .	boy	puerile, puerility
pugnō, pugnāre, pugnāvī	I fight, to fight, I fought	pugn=fight pugnacious, repugnant, pugnacity
pugnāvit	he/she/it fought	
saepe	often	
sanguis, sanguinis, <i>m</i> .	blood	sangu=blood sanguine, sanguinary, consanguineous, sangria, sanguiferous, sanguivorous
silva, silvae, <i>f</i> .	forest, woods	silv=forest silvan (also spelled "sylvan"), Transylvania, Pennsylvania
spectāculum, spectāculī, <i>n</i> .	show, spectacle	spec/spic/spect=look spectacle, spectacular
statim	at once, immediately	stat
tōtus, tōta, tōtum	whole	total, totality

Nova Grammatica:

Cases

- Declensions
 - There are 5 declensions. Most of the words you have seen come from 1st Declension, 2nd Declension, and 3rd Declension.
- Cases
 - \circ There are 5 cases. We have seen 3 of these cases and studied 2 of them
 - Nominative Subject
 - Accusative Direct Object, after many prepositions

- in + accusative = into, onto
- Ablative After some prepositions
 - in + ablative = in, on
- Gender
 - o All nouns and adjectives have gender masculine, feminine, neuter
 - 1st Declension
 - most nouns are feminine
 - agricola, poēta, nauta masculine
 - 2nd Declension
 - nouns can be masculine or neuter
 - o masculine
 - -us, -ī
 - servus, servī
 - -r, -ī
 - peuer, puerī
 - o neuter

- -um, -ī
 - forum, forī
- 3rd Declension
 - nouns can be masculine, feminine, or neuter
- Number
 - o All nouns and verbs have number
 - singular
 - plural

Singular					
	1 st Declension	2 nd Declension	3 rd Declension		
Nominative	a	us	??		
Accusative	am	um	em		
	Plural				
	1 st Declension 2 nd Declension 3 rd Declension				
Nominative	ae	Ī	ēs		
Accusative	ās	ŌS	ēs		

	Singular				
	1 st Declension	2 nd Declension	3 rd Declension		
Nominative	port <u>a</u>	nunti <u>us</u>	pēs		
Accusative	port <u>am</u>	nunti um	ped <u>em</u>		
	Plural				
	1 st Declension 2 nd Declension 3 rd Declension				
Nominative	port <u>ae</u>	nunti <u>ī</u>	ped <u>ēs</u>		
Accusative	port <u>ās</u>	nunti <u>ōs</u>	ped <u>ēs</u>		

<u>Superlatives</u>

Superlatives are the ultimate degree of an adjective. Most adjectives use "**issim**" or "**errim**" to indicate the superlative. There are some adjectives that are irregular and do not follow the rules. Superlative adjectives are first/second declension adjectives. There are two ways to translate a superlative adjective.

īrātissimus – very angry, the angriest

pulcherrimus – very beautiful, the most beautiful

Regular Adjectives

	Singular				
	-issim-		-errim-		
	1 st Declension	2 nd Declension	1 st Declension	2 nd Declension	
Nominative	issima	issim us	errima	errim us	
Accusative	issim am	issim um	errim am	errim um	
	Plural				
	issim errim			rim	
	1 st Declension	2 nd Declension	1 st Declension	2 nd Declension	
Nominative	issimae	issimī	errimae	errimī	
Accusative	issim ās	issimōs	errim ās	errim ōs	

	Singular				
	iss	sim	errim		
	1 st Declension	2 nd Declension	1 st Declension	2 nd Declension	
Nominative	īrāt issim a	īrāt issim us	pulch errim a	pulch errim us	
Accusative	īrāt issim am	īrāt issim um	pulch errim am	pulch errim um	
	Plural				
	issim		eri	rim	
	1 st Declension	2 nd Declension	1 st Declension	2 nd Declension	
Nominative	īrāt issim ae	īrāt issim ī	pulch errim ae	pulch errim ī	
Accusative	īrāt issim ās	īrāt issim ōs	pulch errim ās	pulch errim ōs	

Irregular Adjectives

Positive Adjective	Translation	Superlative Adjective	Translation
bonus, bona	good	optimus, optima	very good, the best, excellent
malus, mala	bad	pessimus, pessima	very bad, the worst
magnus, magna	big, large, great	maximus, maximus	very big, very great, the biggest, the greatest
multus, multa	much	plurimus, plurima	very much, the most
multī, multae	many	plurimī, plurimae	very many, the most