**World Government Matching: Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Government A. any form of government in which one person or group has absolute power.**

**2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Anarchy B. a government in which power is vested in a king or emperor who can pass power on to his heirs**

**3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Communism C. the political direction and control exercised over the actions of the members, citizens, or inhabitants or the societies**

**4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Constitutional D. a society without government or law**

**5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Democracy E. the policy of extending the rule or authority of an empire or nation over foreign countries**

**6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Dictatorship F. a totalitarian political system with the goals of the nation more important than individual goals**

**7. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Dynasty G. a government set up by the military to control an area taken by force**

**8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Fascism H. centralized government with absolute control by one political party and or the military**

**9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Imperialism I. state in which the people are represented by elected agents and the head of state is an elected official**

**10. \_\_\_\_\_\_ Monarchy J. totalitarian government based on a social system where goods are held in common**

**11. \_\_\_\_\_\_ Occupational K. system of government in which appointed or elected agents act for a group of people**

**12. \_\_\_\_\_\_ Representative L. government subject to the provisions and limitations of a written and enforced constitution**

**13. \_\_\_\_\_ Republic M. a long sequence of rulers from the same family**

**14. \_\_\_\_\_ Totalitarianism N. a government with supreme power vested in the people and exercised by them**

**Fill in blank:**

**1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Who is the President of the United States?**

**2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ What is the name of our two US Senators?**

 **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ What is the name of our two US House Members?**

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** Who is the Executive of the State of Montana?

5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ How many seats does the US Senate have?

6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ How many seats does the US House of Representatives have?

**Government Definitions:** Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Economic Systems:

**Capitalism:** an economic system in which private individuals or groups own the resources and produce goods for a profit. In capitalism, private individuals or groups decide to produce goods or offer services. They offer those goods and services for sale in markets, which are places where people buy and sell. Also called free enterprise.

**Communism:** an economic and political system in which the government owns and controls economic activities (the government owns and operates factories, farms, and other types of economic activities.)(ex. North Korea, Vietnam, and Cuba). A communist government exerts great power over its people. This type of government is called **totalitarian** because it totally controls its people’s lives. In the Soviet Union (1917 -1991), the Communist Party outlawed all other parties, and the population had no freedom of speech, religion, or other rights.

**Socialism:** an economic system in which the government owns and operates most businesses. Socialism first developed in Europe in the early 1800s. Socialists wanted to eliminate poverty and improve working conditions. During the 1840s, a German socialist named Karl Marx said that the government should own all businesses. His ideas gave rise to communism.

Governments:

**Communism:** described above

**Constitution:** a statement that explains the basic principles and rules of an organization. Explains how leaders are selected, how laws are passed, and how laws are interpreted and enforced.

**Democracy:** a form of government in which the citizens of a nation or state hold the power to pass laws and select leaders. The US is considered a Representative democracy or a federal republic.

**Dictatorship:** a form of government in which a ruler holds total power. A dictator usually comes to power through force. An example would be Adolf Hitler of Nazi Germany.

**Fascism:** a form of government that has a dictator and controls political, economic and other activities.

**Federal republic:** a form of government in which the population elects representatives to pass and carry out laws. In federalism, a national, or federal, government shares power with states or provinces.

**Monarch:** a form of government in which a king or queen rules a country. A monarch inherits the throne, or position, from his or her parent.

**Oligarchy:** A KIND OF GOVERNMENT IN WHICH A SMALL GROUP OF PEOPLE HOLDS POWER. Rulers are usually the military or the wealthy classes.

**Totalitarian:** a form of government in which a dictator or small group holds total control over the lives of the people in a country.